

2016 Canadian Personal Tax Checklist

(Prepared for clients and professional colleagues of Personal Wealth Strategies)

Name:	A Birtho	late:	SIN:				
2. New	Personal Information for 2016 (Has anythin	g changed? – moved,	l, retired etc.)				
3. NE	'W Online Mail						
	•		No				
	 You need to be registered for My Acc 	il address to use: You need to be registered for My Account with CRA					
	 Once registered, you will receive an exacount 	email notification who	en mail has been delivered to your M	1 y			
	Your notice of assessment and notice	of reassessment, and	d any future correspondence eligible	for			
	online delivery will no longer be mai	led					
4. Gen	eral Information to Provide						
	Copy of 2015 tax return (if we did not prepar	e)					
	Copy of your 2015 assessment notice. 2016 tax instalments paid (attach last receipt	from CRA)					
	Rent / property taxes for year to apply for On		t, if applicable				
_	tes:						
	If you have any amount of business income y			c DDSD			
☐ Family members who are not taxable should be filing tax returns for such reasons as GST contribution room, Ontario tax credits, CPP contributions, etc.							
	Provide a void cheque to apply for direct dep						
u	Should any income for which you receive inf	ormation slips be allo	ocated to a spouse or another family i	member			

5.	Sneci	fied l	Foreign	Property -	- Form	T1135
╭.	Druce	ncu 1	. UI CISII	I I U D U I I I	1 01111	11100

Form T1135 – Foreign property holdings (excluding personal use property) with a total **cost** (at any time in the year) in excess of \$100,000 must be reported on this form. There is a new simplified method for those with a total cost of less than \$250,000 throughout the year. The form must be filed even if a personal tax return is not required for the year. Typical properties include shares in non Canadian corporations, investments in foreign based mutual funds, condo rental properties and foreign bank accounts but excludes an interest in most foreign pension plans. Foreign property held in RRSP's and in Canadian mutual funds and Exchange Traded Funds do not need to be reported.

do not need to be reported.
ernment Information Forms (Check those that apply) T3 – Trusts, estates, insurance policies, mutual funds, income trusts T4 - Employment T4A (OAS) - Old Age Security T4A (P) - Canada Pension Plan T4A - Other pensions including foreign pensions T4E – Employment insurance T4RSP – RRSP income T4RIF – RRIF income T5 – Interest and dividends T10 – Pension Adjustment Reversal T101, T102 T5103 – Exploration and development expenses T215 – Past Service Pension Adjustment T600 – Canada Savings Bond interest T1037 – RRSP Homebuyers plan repayments T1141 and T1142 – Loans or transfers to non resident trusts and receipts from non resident trusts T2200 – Employment travel expenses using personal automobile T2202 – Tuition fees and education credits T5003, T5004 and – Tax shelter information T5007 – Worker's Compensation income or Social Assistance T5013 – Partnership and tax shelter slip RC62 – Universal Child Care Benefit
Alimony or child support received (provide details) Business, professional and partnership income (provide details of income and expenses for each business) Rental income (provide details of income, expenses, additions and disposals) Foreign investment and pension income (provide details) – there may be special Tax Treaty exemptions US Social Security (It is 50 or 85% taxable) Retroactive Lump Sum Receipts: Lump sum amounts received after 2001 that relate to prior years may in certain cases be allocated back to those years to lower your tax bill. (Form T1198).

	Employment expense details (supplies, professional memberships, tools, legal, home office, vehicle. Form T2200 must be completed by employer)					
	Details of any investment, business or capital losses carried forward from prior years.					
9. Tax	Credits					
	Charitable donations (attach official receipts) plus any unused donations from previous years					
	Political contributions (attach official receipts).					
	Medical expenses (including medical insurance premiums and full or part time care).					
	Attendant care (nursing home, retirement home, attendant care at home)					
	Cosmetic procedures and related expenses (if required for medical or reconstructive purposes)					
	Age Tax Credit (\$7,125) starts after age 65 and can be transferred to spouse					
	Pension Income Tax Credit					
	Disability tax credit (\$8,001).					
	o If you or any dependents suffer from severe or prolonged mental or physical impairments you may be					
	entitled to a disability tax credit.					
	 Child disability supplement tax credit (\$4,667). 					
	Adult eligible dependent with disabilities (\$6,788) if their net income is less than \$13,785.					
	Caregiver tax credit (\$4,667).					
	o If you have a parent or grandparent, or an infirm child or relative over the age of 18 living with you with					
	income less than \$15,940 this may entitle you to a special tax credit.					
	Family caregiver tax credit (\$2,121)					
	o available to caregivers of infirm dependent relatives including infirm spouses, common-law partners					
_	and minor children.					
ш	Infirm dependent (\$6,788).					
_	o This is available as a credit if you are not claiming the caregiver or adult eligible dependent credit.					
	Children's fitness tax credit					
	o Up to a maximum of \$500 for each child under 16 who participates in a prescribed physical fitness					
	activity program which must be a minimum of 8 weeks duration with a minimum of 1 session per week					
	or in the case of a camp must be 5 consecutive days.					
	Children's arts tax credit					
	O Up to a maximum of \$250 for each child for eligible expenses paid for the registration or membership					
	in a prescribed program of artistic, cultural, recreational or developmental activities.					
	Work related expenses – provide receipts.					
	Student loan interest expense. Trition fees, books and education deduction amounts (Form T2202)					
	Tuition fees, books and education deduction amounts (Form T2202). Public transit tax credit					
	• Retain monthly, weekly and electronic passes showing name of transit authority, amount paid for pass					
	and identity of rider – do not need to be attached to tax return.					
	First time home buyers (\$5,000)					
	· ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

Please ask us if you are not sure if one of these credits apply to you.

10. Tuition Expenses and Scholarships - Transfer

For Canadian institution, ensure that the student completes the back Form T2202 and files a tax return (even if no tax is payable). For non-Canadian institutions, call us so that we may send you Form TL-11A

U.	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}$	isal	bility	ľ	ax	Credit	

☐ The *disability tax credit* is a pivotal section of the *Income Tax Act* that opens the door to many other tax benefits.

12. Tuition Expenses and Scholarships

payers to reduce the rate to 15%

Provide details of tuition fees for children if not claimable by them. For a Canadian institution, attach T2202 slips. Ensure that the student completes the back of the form and files a tax return (even if no tax is payable). In the case of non Canadian institution, complete the following, and call us so that we may send you Form TL-11A

Stu	ident Name:	Net Income:	Tuition Period:
Ed	ucational Institution:		Amount Paid:
٥	•	e schedule of security sales and file an election (Form T664) to rtion of the \$100,000 capital gain T664.	capital gains increase the cost of properties owned on ins exemption available at that time. If so mase?
	estments Income and Deductions (Cl	11.07	
	Interest earned on money borrowed t		
	Interest, dividends & other income for	or which no slips were received	
	Rental income (provide details of inc (Form T776)	come & expenditures, interest ex	pense and other carrying costs)
	Tax sheltered investments (limited proyalty trusts)	artnerships, labour sponsored co	rporations, flow through shares,
	Investments and Mutual Funds – If y	ou sold any mutual funds during	g the year you should obtain details of their
	cost and any selling expenses.		
	Investment counsel fees, safety depo	0 1	
	Losses on investments in previous ye	ars claimed but not used (capita	al loss carry over)
15. US	Tax Issues		

☐ If you received US Social Security benefits in 2014, you are eligible to claim a deduction of 15% or 50% of the

☐ US Investment Income – Canada will not provide a tax credit for tax withheld on investment income in excess of 15% of income from most treaty countries. The United States provides Form W-8 BEN to be sent to foreign

benefits received. Tax treaties usually have special rules for taxation of foreign pensions.

Personal Wealth Strategies 205-30 Dupont Street East, Waterloo Phone: 519-884-7087 Fax: 519-884-7087 Email: jea@personalwealthstrategies.net www.personalwealthstrategies.net